## A DATA INTENSIVE COMPUTATION ON A CLUSTER\*

Parallel Elementwise Processing

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## Abstract

We have investigated the applicability of PC clusters with terabyte disk-servers for data-intensive parallel computing. We used parallel element-wise processing as our testcase. We have searched for the optimal value for parameters of the algorithm running on our hardware environment. The performance of several communication frameworks has been tested, such as C/PVM, C/MPI, Distributed Haskell and socket interface in C. On large inputs with heavy operations our implementations showed considerable speedups.

Keywords: parallel elementwise processing, cluster, PVM, MPI, socket, Haskell

## Introduction

Elementwise processable functions form a class of many often-used operations such as merging ordered sequences, computing the union of sets and updating a database. Elementwise processability means that the output can be obtained by processing each single data item from the input one after the other. Both the input and the output can be multi-dimensional.

A well known example is the higher order function map, which has as its first argument a function from type a to type b and applies it elementwise to the elements of a data structure, of which elements having type a. (Example: map inc [2,5,1] = [3,6,2]).

We generalised this concept and developed a parallel algorithm to solve the general problem [1]. In this paper we searched for the optimal

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